Myford

ML7 LATHE

NOTES ON
OPERATION
INSTALLATION
AND
MAINTENANCE
ALSO
PICTORIAL PARTS LIST

INCLUDING TRI-LEVA
SPEED SELECTOR LATHES

ML7 LATHE

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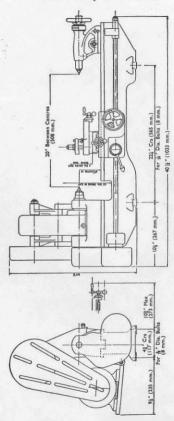


Fig. 1 Showing overall measurements for installation purposes

ATTENTION

General Safety Rules

All rotating machinery is a potential safety hazard and, therefore, care must be exercised at all times:

READ THE MANUAL CAREFULLY, especially familiarise yourself with the operation of all controls.

EARTHING. Make sure that the lathe and cabinet are electrically connected to an earthing point. If a 2-pronged connector is used an additional earthing wire should be run.

Switch 'OFF' before plugging in the connector to avoid accidental starting.

ALWAYS TURN THE SPINDLE BY HAND before switching on the motor. This will avoid damage to the bed, saddle or cross slide by swinging chuck jaws, workpiece, faceplate, bolts, etc.

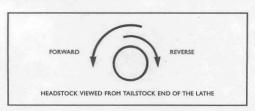
CHECK THAT ALL HOLDING AND LOCKING DEVICES ARE TIGHTENED and that all keys and wrenches are clear of the moving parts of the machine.

WARNING -- DANGER

This lathe has a screwed spindle nose.

Any resistance to rotation when running the spindle in reverse will unscrew a chuck, faceplate or any other attachment screwed to the spindle nose, which may result in a serious accident.

If you are unsure of the difference between forward and reverse directions, stand at the tatistick end of the lathe and view the headstock spindle along its axis. Forward rotation is achieved by an anti-clockwise movement of the spindle, whilst reverse rotation is clockwise.



During installation of the machine it is important to remove any chuck, faceplate, or any other attachment from the spindle nose, even if they were fitted to the lather at the time of delivery. Once all electrical connections/wiring have been completed, you MUST check that the direction of spindle rotation is correct before any attachment is screwed to the spindle nose. Inadvertently running the machine in reverse may lead to an attachment becoming unscrewed and a serious accident could result.

When the machine is wired with a reversing switch, care should be taken to ensure that the machine is only used in reverse at LOW SPEED UNDER NO-LOAD CONDITIONS.

Cleaning

All bright parts are protected with rust preventative. This must be removed with white spirit or similar and machined parts should be lightly oiled before any movement of parts is attempted.

After using the machine, any swarf should be cleaned away. Wipe the bed and other exposed surfaces with an oily rag.

It should be noted that when coolant is used this may cause staining. Therefore, if coolant is used, always clean the lathe thoroughly and re-oil.

DON'TS

Do not allow untrained or unauthorised persons to start the machine.

Do not raise the hinged guard for access to the secondary drive belt or remove the guard for access to the primary drive until all rotation of spindle and motor has stopped.

Do not carry out maintenance or repairs with machine still connected to electrical supply.

Do not interfere with electrical connections whilst still connected to electrical supply.

Do not interfere with electrical connections whilst still connected to electrical supply.

Do not interfere with electrical equipment unless you are qualified to do so.

Do not attempt to stop rotating parts by hand.

DO'S

Do have adequate space in which to work and keep it tidy – cluttered machine trays and workbenches invite accidents.

Do have sufficient lighting available.

Do wear safety goggles or safety shield.

Do avoid loose apparel – wear suitable protective clothing. Loose cuffs and neckties are particularly dangerous.



Unless you are familiar with the safe techniques necessary to operate this machine, do not use it until you have sought instruction/training from an experienced person.

MACHINE SERIAL No. FOR EARLY MACHINES

In the event of queries, or orders for spares, please state the number of the machine, as shown on the rear vertical face of the rear shear of the Lathe bed, at the tailstock end of the machine, Fig. 2.



MACHINE SERIAL No. FOR LATER MACHINES

In the event of queries, or orders for spares, please state the number of the machine, as shown on the front of the bed at the left hand end of the facing for the rack, Fig. 2.

SERIAL NUMBER



Fig. 2

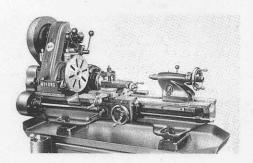
THE MYFORD ML7 LATHE

The MYFORD ML7 Lathe illustrated is one of the most popular examples of the modern small screw cutting Lathe.

Outstanding features include the self-contained motor drive unit, and large tee-slotted boring table and the gap which allows work to be swung, which is larger than would normally clear the Lathe ways.

Note the complete guarding of the drive belts and changewheels, and the

Note the complete guarding of the drive belts and changewheels, and the general heavy construction.



SPECIFICATION

Distance between	centres		14.2				20 inch		32 inch
Swing over bed								7 inch	
Swing in Gap							1	0 inch	
Swing over boring	table							# inch	
Hole through Spin	dle							2 inch	
Spindle Bored						88		2 M.T.	
Spindle Speeds (six						35-640	r 47-870		
Feeds (Standard fir							037 in. pe		
Boring Table Trave								5 inch	
								4 inch	
Leadscrew									
Tailstock barrel bo		::	**	**	**	* * * *		2 M.T.	
Tailstock barrel tra			- 11			* *			
		**		**.	* * *			₹ inch	
Overall length				* *	4.4	3	ft. 5 inch		
Overall width							2 ft. 1	# inch	
Nett weight (inclu	ding mo	tor)	approx				200 lb.		225 Пь.
Nett weight on cal	binet (in	cl. m	otor) a	pprox.			320 lb.		375 lb.
Quick-change lathe	s					add	=	16 lb	
Tri-Leva speed sele	ctor lat	hes				add	100	11 lb	

A $\frac{1}{3}$ h.p. 3 phase or $\frac{1}{3}$ h.p. single phase 1420/1450 r.p.m. full load speed motor is recommended. To ensure satisfaction, a suitable motor can be supplied by the factory. State whether A.C. or D.C., exact voltage and phase.

STANDARD & DISMANTLED EQUIPMENT

Unpacking

Great care is taken in the packing of ML.7 Lathes to ensure that the user will receive the Lathe in perfect condition, and it is important that unpacking should be carried out with the same care in order to avoid possible damage.

Shortages

Check the standard equipment supplied with the machine; as listed, and illustrated below.

All loose packing material (such as wood wool) should be set aside and thoroughly searched in the case of apparent shortages. If the missing items do not come to light, report the shortages immediately to the supplier from whom the machine was purchased.

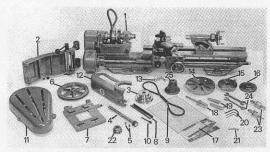


Illustration shows ML.7 Lathe with standard equipment dismantled for packing,

L'illustration montre le tour ML7 avec equipement standard démonté en vue de l'emballage. Die Abbildung zeigt ML7—Drehbank mit Standard-Ausrüstung, demontiert zum Verpacken.

La fotografía muestra el torno ML7 con el equipo A ilustração mostra o Torno ML7 com el equipo A ilustração mostra o Torno ML7 com o equipamento normal desmontado para ser embal

DISMANTLED EQUIPMENT

- 1. Lathe partially dismantled for packing.
- 2. Unit comprising countershaft arm and
- swing head assembly. Vee cone pulley for countershaft.
- 4. Countershaft with locating collar.
- 5. 2 "Woodruff" keys (No. 606). 6. Countershaft pulley.
- 7. Motor platform.
- 8. Tie bar for motor platform. Vee belt for motor drive.
- 9. 10. Support stud for motor drive belt guard.
- 11. Motor drive belt guard.
- 12. Headstock belt guard. 13. Ball handle for cross-slide.

STANDARD EQUIPMENT (LOOSE)

- 14. 63" dia. Faceplate.
- 15. Driver plate with peg.
- 16. Not now supplied. 17. Descriptive matter, Installation Booklet etc.
- 18. Oil Gun. Soft and Hard Centres. 19.
- 20. 3 Hexagon keys.
- 21. Key for Back-gear lock. Motor pulley.
 - 23. 2 Sight feed lubricators. 24. 2 Spanners.
 - 8 Changewheels. (To complete standard set of 14-6 are mounted on the machine.)

Diese Zahlen 1 - 25 dienen nur zur Kontrolle beim Auspacken. Bitte beim Bestellen keinen Gebrauch dieser Nummern machen.

PIECES DEMONTEES.

	Tour partiellement démonté en vue de l'emballage	14.	Plateou à rain
2.	Elément comprenant le bras de renvoi et basculeur-	15.	Plateau pouss
-	tendeur Boolin à gradine du reposi	10.	Pas fourni

4. Arbre de renvoj avec collier de blocage

5. 2 clavettes Woodruff (No. 90) b. Poulie de renvoi (178 m/m o) Semelle pour moteur

8. Tirant de la semelle du moteur Courroie trapézoidale pour moteur 10. Goujon-support du capot de protection de a courroie moteur

11. Capot de protection de la courroie moteur Capot de protection de la poupée. 13. Manivelle de commande du chariot transversal . EQUIPEMENT STANDARD (libre)

nures (170 mma)

17. Littérature, notice de montage etc. . . 18. Pompe à huile

19. pointes douce et dure 20. 3 cles B.T.R. 21. clé pour déblocage du harnais 22. Poulie moteur 23. 2 lubrificateurs à valve

24. 2 clès plates 8 pignons (complétant le jeu standard de 14 - rix étant en place sur la machine). Pour contrôle seulement - Ne pas utiliser ces chiffres pour communde.

Demontierte Ausrüstungsteile

 Drehbank zum Teil demontiert, wie sie zum Versand kommt. Antriebswippe mit Riemenspanner. 3. 3-stufige Keilriemenscheibe.

Vorgelegewelle mit Anschlag 2 Keilnutenkeile "Woodruff" (No. 90). Keilriemenscheibe (178 mm a) zu Vorgelegewelle. Wippe zu Elektromotor

Fixationsarm zu Motor-Wippe. 8. Keilriemen zu Motor-Vorgelege. Tragbolzen zu Motor-Schutzhaube. 11. Schutzhaube zu Motor-Riemen. Schutzhaube zu Spindelstockantrieb. 12. Winkelgriff zu Kreuzschlitten.

13.

Standard-Ausrüstungsteile 14. Planscheibe (170 mm Durchmesser). 15. Mitnehmerscheibe mit Stift.

Nicht verschafft. 17. Katalog, Aufstellungs - und Bedienungsanweisung. 18. Oelspritze.

19. Je eine harte und eine weiche Spitze. 20, Drei Inbus-Schlüssel. 21. Schüssel zur Schaltung des Reduktionsgetriebes. 22. Motor-Keilriemenscheibe.

23. 2 Sicht-Tropfoeler. 24. 2 Doppelgabelschlüssel. 8 Wechselräder (zum ganzen Standardsatz von 14 25. Stück gehörend, 6 montiert auf Drehbank).

EQUIPO DESMONTADO Torno desmontado parcialmente, listo para ser embalado.

2. Unidad que comprende el brazo del eje auxiliar y el conjunto principal oscilatorio. 3. Cono de poleas trapezoidales para el eje auxiliar. Eie auxiliar con collar.

Dos chavetas "Woodruff" (No. 90). Polsa del eje auxiliar (178 mm de diâmetro). 7. Soporte del motor. 8. Tirante de sujeción del soporte del motor.

9. Correa trapezoida!. 10. Espárrago soporte paza la protección de la correa del motor. 11. Protección de la correa del motor

 Protección de la correa del cabezal. 13. Manileva para el movimiento transversal del portaherramientas.

EQUIPO STANDARD (INDEPENDIENTE)

14. Plato plano (170 mm de diámetro). 15. Plato para utilizar contrapunto. 16. No ahora suministrado.

17. Información de montaje y descripciones, instrucciones, etc. 18. Pistola de acèite. 19. Puntos; duro y blando.

20. 3 llaves exagonales. 21. Llave para el freno del mecanismo posterior. 22. Poles del motor.

23. 2 Lubrificadores visuales. 24. 2 llaves fijas.

 8 ruedas dentadas (para completar el juego "standard" de 14; seis están montadas en la máquina). Para Comprobacion Solamente. No Utilizar Estos Numeros Para Pedir Piezas,

14. Prato liso de 170 m/m de diametro.

17. Matéria descritiva, livrete de instalação, etc.

15. Prato de transmissão com cavilha.

EQUIPAMENTO NORMAL (Pecas soltas)

16. No fornecido.

18. Pistola para óleo.

19. Pontos macios e rijos.

20. 3 Chaves hexagonai

EQUIPAMENTO DESMONTADO 1. Torno parcialmente desmontado para embalagem. Unidade compreendendo o braço de contraveio e conjunto de cabeçote giratório.

 Polie de cone em V para o contravcio. 4. Contraveio com anel para colocação. 2 Chaves "Woodruff" (No. 90).

Roldans de contraveio (178 m/m de diametro). Rase do motor.

Barra de fixação da base do motor. Correia trapezoidal para accionamento do motor. Perno de suporte para resguardo de correia de accionamento do motor.

12. Resettando da correia do cabecote. Manipulo para a espera transversal.

22. Polie do motor. 11. Resguardo da correia de accionamento do motor.

23. 2 lubrificadores de gota visível. 24. 2 Chaves de boca

21. Chave de fixação do contaveio de mudança. 25. 8 rodas de muda (para completar jogo normal de 14-16 montadas no torno).

Apenas Para Identifição Nãa Usar Éstes Números Para Encomendar.

Cleaning

Myford machines are shipped with all parts protected by a rust preventative; all traces of this should be removed with either petrol or paraffin.

DO NOT MOVE ANY PART OF THE MACHINE UNTIL ALL OF THESE SURFACES HAVE BEEN THOROUGHLY CLEANED AND OILED

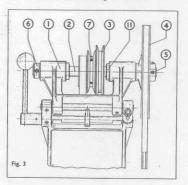
ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS FOR MOTORISING EQUIPMENT

FOR LATHES FITTED WITH CLUTCH SEE ALSO PAGE 10a FOR TRI-LEVA LATHES TURN TO PAGE 10a



ML7 Lathes have the motorising equipment and cross slide ball handle dismantled for safe and economical packing purposes, these should be assembled on the machine by the method shown in this publication.

The number references used throughout these assembly instructions are those shown in Figures 3 and 10.



- σ Mount the countershaft arm/swing head assembly (1) on the back of the Lathe bed, using the three ½" dia. x ½" long B.S.F. screws and washers which are provided. See Fig. 4. Lightly tighten the screws only at this stage.
- b Check that the rubber bushes (11) are in position, silde the countershaft (2) through the left-hand bearing of the swing head, (facing the rear of the machine), and slip the headstock vee belt over the countershaft, silde the countershaft into the vee cone pulley, (3) which should be held between the swing head bearings with the small step on the left. See Fig. 5.



c Pass the countershaft into the vec cone pulley until the woodruff key seat approaches the pulley bore. Insert the woodruff key into the countershaft and engage with the keyway of the cone pulley. See Fig. 6.



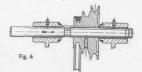
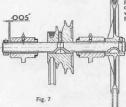


Fig. 4

d Slide the countershaft right through the remaining swing head bearing; place the fibre washer on the shaft and insert the second woodruff key at the extreme end of the countershaft (right hand end). Mount the vee pulley (4), and secure with the two socket grubscrews (5). Adjust the collar (6) to allow approximately '005' end float. See Fig. 7.



f Line up the countershaft cone pulley with the headstock cone pulley using the straight edge. Finally tighten the two securing screws (7).

g Pull the belt censioning lever forward against the stop (i.e. with the lever and knob roughly vertical) so that the cam shaft (8) is in the full lift position. Adjust the tensioning screws (9) until the slack of the belt allows approx. § total movement when lightly oscillated by the thumb and forefinger. This will provide an initial tension setting, which can be increased if slip is experienced when the machine is operated. See Figs. 9 and 10.



Fig. 9

e Position the countershaft cone pulley opposite the headstock cone pulley and lightly tighten the two securing screws (7).

(Note: A relief is provided in the countershaft for the securing screws). To ensure correct alignment of the countershaft and headstock spindle, place a straight edge across the face of

h Remove the changewheel guard, assemble the motor base as shown in Fig. 11 (set as far to the right as possible), and secure by tightening the socket grubscrew in the right hand lug of the

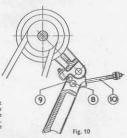
motor base.

Note: The socket grubscrew in the countershaft arm locates the assembly endwise, and should not be so tight as to prevent free swivelling of the motor base.



Fig. 8

the headstock cone pulley and adjust the position of the countershaft arm assembly, so that the headstock and the countershaft cone pulleys are parallel. See Fig. 8. Finally tighten the three countershaft arm fixing screws.





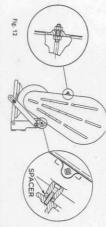




to support the weight of the motor and base before securing the motor base link. The tension can be increased it slip is experienced in operation. Replace the countershaft belt guard.

Dismantle the two retaining plates from the headstock belt guard and slip the guard over the rubber bushes (11), on the swinghead. Replace the retaining plates.

Cross Slide Ball Handle—Assembly and Adjustment
Screw on the cross slide ball handle against the face of the feed dial, and



Silde the motor at far to the right as is possible without fooling the count at far to the right a shaft belt guard, but still permitting sufficient adjustment of the motor plant of the motor plant for the lining up of the motor and countershift pellegy the motor and countershift belt guard and use the straight depth coalign the most plant of the plant of countershift, and also to a plant the motor and countershift pellegy. As if Right 31 Sighteen the grown crew in the motor pulley.

k Release the motor base link, place the countershaft vee belt in position and adjust the belt tension. The initial tension setting is achieved by allowing the belt

> continue to wind the cross slide until the thrust shoulder of the feedscrew makes firm contact with the face of the feedaut in the saddle, to prevent rotation of the feedscrew.

of this feedcrew,

I hold the feed did with a spanner and
stack-off the ball handle. Adjust the
feed dial to eliminate successive and
play in the feedcrew bearing, and hold
with the spanner whilst the ball hadist the
at screwed feeward to lock against the
at screwed feeward to lock against the
ment hand a externed yells adjust
ment hand a feet the accuracy of the feed
Wind the handle in both direction.

does not affect the accuracy of the feed Wind the handle in both directions to ensure that the feedscrew rotates freely.

ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

Lathes, fitted with a clutch

Proceed as 'a' and 'b' on page 8 noting that in this instance the countershaft is complete with actuating shaft, collar, lever assembly and lever pivot bracket.

- c Pass the countershaft through the vee cone pulley, ensuring that the flats on the shaft are lineable with the grub screws in the cone pulley, and through the second bearing. Tighten the screws in the cone pulley just sufficiently to prevent the pulley from turning on the shaft but without securing the pulley.
- d. At the driving end of the shaft, place in position the thrust washer P.22, see parts list at rear of booklet, and countershaft pulley assembly including the clutch assembly, lining up the grub screws in the backplate P.14 with the dimples in the shaft P.75. Locate the backplate on the shaft by tightening one grub screw. Release and remove the sleeve nut P.7 and withdraw lever P.8 keeping adjusting collar P.2 attached to it. Tighten securely both grub screws in backplate P.14. Replace washer P.2, lever P.8 and sleeve nut are provided to the provided provided

Tri-Leva Lathes

- a Remove changewheel guard.
- b Place the fibre washer in position on the countershaft, insert the woodruff key into the keyway and mount the vee pulley on the shaft, and secure it by means of the two grub screws.
- c Check shaft for end float. See Fig. 7 page 9. Adjust the collar if necessary.
- d Fit the motor base, etc. as described at 'h', 'i', 'j', and 'k', pages 9 and 10, including fitment of countershaft belt guard and replace the changewheel guard.
- e After removing the hexagon nut and washer 5.6 and 5.38 (see parts list at rear of booklet) also hexagon head screw and spherical washers 5.40 and 5.41, place the main frame unit over the swing head and lower it on to the front of the lower trap. Replace the hexagon nut also the spherical washers and hexagon head screw, ensuring that there is a spherical washer on each side of the support bracket 5.3

Partially lock the main frame in a position where the radial profile at the base of the main frame is approximately central with the headstock bearing caps. Position the main frame to bring the jockey pulleys in line with the belt and lock.

INSTALLATION

Foundation

It is essential that the Lathe be placed on a solid foundation. The floor material is an important consideration, concrete being the most satisfactory. If the floor is of filmsy construction, a possible solution is to cut a hole through the floor and build up a concrete foundation from the ground up to the floor level.

If the machine is to be located on an upper floor of timber construction, it should be placed directly over a beam or girder, near a wall, or at some other spot where displacement of the floor will be at a minimum.

Floor Stands

The MYFORD steel cabinet stands make ideal supports for the lathe. See Fig. 15. Wooden benches are not recommended, as they are affected by moisture and atmospheric changes. Despite the rigidity of the Lathe, a warping bench can upset the level of a Lathe in the space of a few days, and greatly impair its accuracy.



Fig. 15. Tray-top Cabinet with deep tray, raising blocks and terminal block only.

If the user is compelled to use a wooden bench, good dry timber must be used. The structure should be solidly built, well braced and should be securely botted to the floor. A piece of steel sheet should be placed on the bench top to prevent the Lathe feet from sinking into the wood surface under the botting down pressure.

The 20/024 drip tray used in conjunction with 20/025 pair of raising blocks with levelling screws will serve very well for this purpose (see Fig. 17).



Fig. 17 Drip Tray

Lathe Height

A bench height of 33-34 inches is suitable for the man of average height. Alternatively, a comfortable working height can be gauged by arranging the lathe so that the upper surface of the topslide is at elbow height.

Before bolting down, the floor stand should be packed under the feet until the top surface is roughly level.

Levelling the Lathe

If the lathe is not properly levelled, the lathe bed may be twisted, resulting in misalignment of the headstock or tailstock with the ways, causing the lathe to turn and bore taper. ACCURATE WORK CANNOT BE EXPECTED IF THE LATHE IS NOT LEVEL.

The precision built into a Lathe can be completely nullified by faulty, uneven mounting on bench or floor stand.

Levelling should be carried out by placing shims of thin metal or asbestos sheet ojointing under the Lathe feet, the amount of packing being determined with a Engineer's precision level. Where the lathe is mounted on raising blocks having jackscrews, packing shims are not required. The level, which should be sufficiently sensitive to read -003" per foot or better, should be placed across the bed at both the headstock end and the tailstock end. See Fig. 18. After bolting down re-check for level, and make any further necessary adjustments.

Do not try to level the lathe by packing under the cabinet or bench.

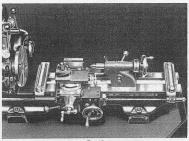


Fig. 18

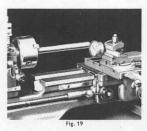
Illustration of bed with precision levels at two points.

Levelling with a Dial Test Indicator

If a precision level is not available, use a dial test indicator in the following manner, to ensure that no distortion of the lathe bed takes place when bolting down:—

Place the Lathe on the bench or floor stand with the holding down bolts loosely in position.

Grip a piece of 1⁻ diameter material in the chuck with approximately 8⁻ protruding, and clamp the dial indicator in the tool post with the plunger located at the extreme end of the test bar as shown in Fig. 19.



Showing test piece in chuck and dial indicator in tool clamp.

Rotate the headstock spindle by hand, and adjust the dial indicator, so that the zero mark lies midway between the extremes of the pointer movement.

So long as the lathe bed is not strained the dial indicator will continue to register zero when holding down bolts are tightened but any distortion due to bolting down on to an uneven surface will be shown immediately by the dial indicator.

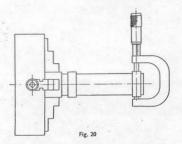
The lathe feet should be shimmed, so that, when the holding down bolts are finally tight, the dial indicator still reads zero.

Checking the Levelling

A final check of the levelling can be carried out by turning a test piece as shown in Fig. 20. The test piece should be approximately 1° dia. by 4° to 6° long and should be relieved in the middle so as to leave about ½° for test turning at each end.

Take a very light finishing cut, (*002*) across both collars without the use of the tailstock and without alteration of the tool setting. Measure the dia. of each collar with a micrometer. The collars should be the same dia., if not the same, a further adjustment of the packing is required.

If the dia. of the test piece is larger at the free end, packing should be increased under the FRONT of the foot at the tailstock end, or under the BACK of the foot if smaller.



Showing test piece with two collars

Readiustment

It may be necessary to readjust the packing shims from time to time, especially if the lathe is mounted on a wooden floor or bench.

Electric Motors and Switch Wiring

(not applicable for two speed Tri-leva lathes)

The lathe is designed for use with a 1425 r.p.m., 50 Hz or 1750 r.p.m., 60 Hz motor. For three phase supply this should be \(\frac{1}{2}\) h.p. For single phase on the ML7.\(\frac{1}{2}\) h.p. is required to provide the necessary starting and pull out torque. Suitable motors, with a choice of switch control gear, are available.

Primary belt tension is obtained by moving the motor up or down on the countershaft arm, which is drilled for the mounting of motors which have slotted fort

It is also provided with slots so that motors in IEC frame 71, having holes in the feet, can be readily accommodated. Any other motor having holes in the feet must be mounted on steel strips with studs, suitably disposed so as to pass through slots in the countershaft arm.

There are two basic types of switch control gear. The first, which is best suited to the home user, is a rotary reversing switch. This incorporates no-volt release which, in the event of a power break, will automatically return to the 'off' position. They are surfately before bench mounted lathes and lathes fitted to tray top cabinet ready fitted to take customers' supply cable and a packing block which allows for either bench or cabinet mounting.

The second type of switch control gear—the complete safety switch package—is essential for both industrial and Educational Installations. This comprises: a lockable installation switch, reversing push button starter with no-volt and overload release protection, mushroom head stop button operating on 110 volt control circuit, and a 12 volt tapping for a safe worklight. The package comes complete with switch to motor wiring harness, a gland ready fitted to take customers' supply cable and a packing block which allows for either bench or cabinet mounting.

Single phase motors, purchased independently, but intended for reversing with our switch control gear, must have four terminals for the separate connections to the starting and running windings. Any bridge pieces connecting starting to running windings must be removed before connecting motor to reversing switch.

Wiring diagrams for motors used in conjunction with Rotary Reversing Switch

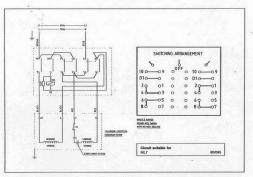


Fig. 3 Single Phase

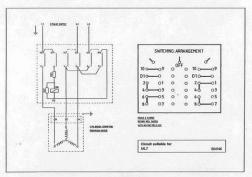


Fig. 3a Three Phase

Complete electrical switch package

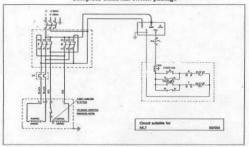


Fig. 4 Single Phase

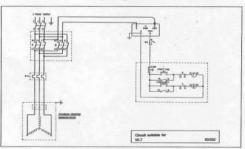


Fig. 4a Three Phase

MOTOR	STARTING WINDING	FUNNING	RUNNING	STARTING
CROMPTON	z	A	AZ	τ
AU	Al	TZ	T3	A2
ENGLISH ELECTRIC -	1	2	3	4
****	300		1/2	

Terminal markings of alternative makes of motors Fig. 5

Earthing

It is important to make sure that the stand and the Lathe are electrically connected to a satisfactory earthing point. Should any difficulty be found in wiring and running the motor the advice of an electrician, who is competent in motor wiring, should be sought.

LUBRICATION

After installing the Lathe, refer to the lubrication charts on Pages 19 and 20 and creat all points with the recommended lubricants. An oil gun is supplied for use with the pressure nipples fitted to each machine. Careful attention should be paid to the lubrication of the headstock bearings during the first few hours of running.

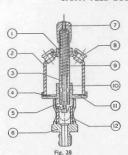
Headstock Bearings

The ML.7 headstock bearings are lubricated from sight feed lubricators, Fig. 28. Feed is controlled by a needle valve which is adjusted by the thumb screw nut at the top of the lubricator, the oil drip being visible through a sight glass below the valve.

Normally the drip should be set as slow as possible but if prolonged high speed is undertaken the rate may be increased.

The lubricator is filled by inserting an oil can spout into one of the filler caps on the oil reservoir.

SIGHT FEED LUBRICATOR



- 1. LOCKING NUT
- 2. RESERVOIR
- 3. STAND PIPE
- 4. CORK SEALING WASHER
- 5. CHAMBER BUSH
- 6. SIGHT CHAMBER
- NEEDLE VALVE ASSEMBLY
- 8. FILLER CAP
- 9. SPRING
- 10. OIL FILTER
- 11. RESERVOIR BASE
- 12. SIGHT GLASS

IMPORTANT: WHENEVER THE HEADSTOCK REDUCTION GEAR IS USED, ENSURE THAT THE HEADSTOCK PULLEY BEARING IS WELL LUBRICATED VIA THE OIL NIPPLE AT THE LARGE END OF THE PULLEY. Fig. 29.



Fig. 29. Showing the oil nipple for headstock pulley bearing lubrication

General

Daily cleaning and correct lubrication of the machine will greatly increase its working life. Excess oil should be wiped from oiling points, as oil and dirt form an abrasive compound which can easily damage precision bearing surfaces.

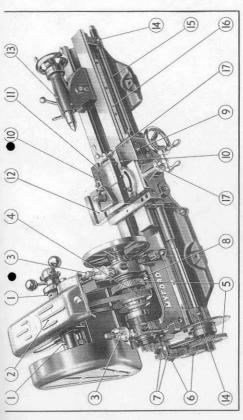
Wipe the bed and other sliding surfaces with a clean oily rag at frequent intervals. Use a brush to clean spindle nose threads, gear teeth, leadscrew threads etc.

At regular intervals, the leadscrew should be thoroughly cleaned with a stiff brush and paraffin, and oiled freely along its entire length. Keep the lathe completely covered between working periods. The MYFORD

Keep the lathe completely covered between working periods. The MYFORD waterproof Lathe cover shown in Fig. 30 will provide excellent protection from moisture and abrasive dust when the Lathe is not in use.



Fig. 30. Lathe cover.



LUBRICATION CHART. Use 80024 Esso Nuto H32 except where otherwise stated (Under I.S.O. VG32) AT REGULAR INTERVALS

- Countershaft, Use the oil gun on both nipples. Mexidstock Bearings, Check the oil level of Sight Feed Lubricators, and replenish when necessary.
 - frequently whenever the reduction gear is used via the oil nipple at the large end of the pulley Backgears and Changegear teeth. A sma Headstock Pulley, Lubricate with oil amount of 80025 Esso Febis K68 will
- umbler Gears. These fast running components should be frequently subricated whenever the gears are being used. Backgear Spindle, Use the oil gun frequently, uds. Oil frequently. Changewheel Studs. Oil

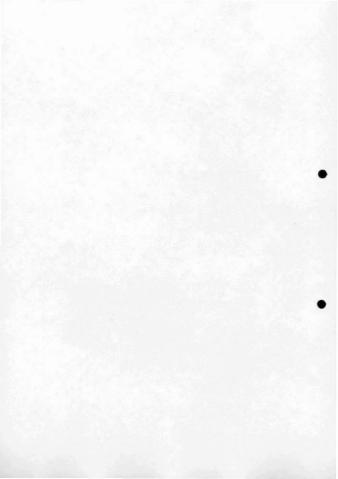
the reduction gear is used.

Leadscraw Brackets. Use the oil gun on both nipples.

*16. OCCASIONALLY
Swing Head Pin and Eccentric. Apply 80025
Esso Fabis Ke8. Apron Reservoir. Use the oil gun. This supply is distributed to the handwheel and rack pinion saddle. Use the oil gun on both nipples; one over shafts and also feeds the reduction gear. one at the rear. K48

We supply and recommend [\$50 Nuto H32 OII for general lubrication. For starred Items Nos. S. 7. IS. Id. 17, Rocol MTS Clean with a stiff brush and Rack. Apply 80025 Cross-slide and Leadscrew. Febis K68. NOTE. *15.

N.B. The frequency of lubrication given above is intended as a guide only. Under certain conditions, e.g. continuous use of fastest speeds, the countershaft, headstock bearings, 1000 or Castrol MS3 grease should be used in those territories where it is available.



CONTROLS & ADJUSTMENTS

DO NOT OPERATE THE LATHE until all of the following instructions have been carefully read and the controls and adjustments are fully understood.

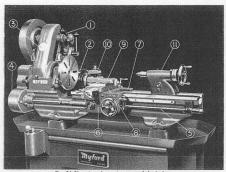


Fig. 31 Showing the main parts of the lathe.

(Fitted 1466 Countershaft Clutch)

- (1)
 COUNTERSHAFT
 (7)
 SADDLE

 (2)
 ELECTRIC MOTOR
 (8)
 CROSS SLIDE

 (3)
 HEADSTOCK
 (9)
 TOPSLIDE

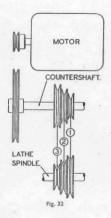
 (4)
 LEADSCREW DRIVE GEAR TRAIN
 (10)
 TOOLPOST

 (5)
 LEADSCREW
 (11)
 TAILSTOCK
- (6) APRON

Headstock Spindle Drive

PREMATICAL Spinnise DITTYE

A Compactor motorsing unit which makes the MLJ completely self contained,
a Compact motorsing unit which leads the notro is mounted on a svining
platform and the drive is conducted by wee belt from the motor to a countershaft.
The vee come pulleys on the countershaft and headstock spinled give a range of
three speeds which is extended to six by the provision of a 6-1 reduction gear
on the headstock spinled. Fig. 32.



SPINDL	(1420/1450	ADSTOCK SPIN R.P.M. FULL LOG 1 1750 R.P.M. (60 C	AD SPEED MOTO	R) OR IN BRACKET	
12" Dia. Motor Pulley (Standard)		2½" Dia. Motor Pulley			
Pos	Ungeared	Geared	Ungeared	Geared	
1 2 3	200 (246) 357 (438) 640 (785)	35 (43) 62 (76) 110 (135)	273 (338) 487 (600) 870 (1070)	47 (58) 84 (103) 152 (187)	

Speed Changing

Access to the headstock belt for speed changing is attained by sliding up the front guard, as shown in Fig. 33 and the headstock belt tension is released by the operation of the belt tensioning lever.

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO CHANGE THE HEADSTOCK BELT POSITION WHILST THE LATHE IS RUNNING, OR WITHOUT OPERATING THE BELT TENSIONING LEVER

The coupling of the pulley to the spindle for direct or ungeared driving is achieved by a sliding key which engages with the headstock pulley sleeve gear. The sliding key is locked in position by means of a cap head screw, which is released to withdraw the key whenever the geared speeds are required.

To operate the reduction gear, withdraw the sliding key and shift the back

gear operating lever to the upper position.

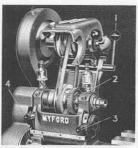


Fig. 33. Location of the Headstock Controls.

- (1) BELT TENSION RELEASE LEVER (3) BACK GEAR LEVER
- (2) SCREW FOR BACK GEAR KEY (4) TUMBLER REVERSE LEVER

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO ENGAGE THE REDUCTION GEARS WHILST THE SPINDLE IS REVOLVING

Headstock Bearings

The headstock is fitted with Glacier T.1 Alloy anti-friction bearings. Top and bottom bearing halves are fitted accurately in the bearing housing and form a solid support against spindle journal loads. Every care is taken to ensure correct bearing adjustment before the machine leaves the Works, and bearings should not be interfered with unless necessary. For the purpose of bearing adjustment, a pad comprised of brass shims is fitted between the two housing faces. This shim pan has a solid appearance but is made of '002' laminations, and by inserting a penknife blade it is an eazy matter to peel off the desired thickness to allow the bearings closer contact with the spindle. After removing a '002' shim it will be necessary to scrape or file some proportional and housing cap; in effect a solid condit low for man a government of the proportional and housing cap; in effect a solid condit low they man a government of the proportional and housing cap; in effect a solid condit low they man and the proportional and bearing. Whenever bearings need adjustment use marking blue for contact check, carefully scraping any high soots with a half round bearing scraper.

Spindle end thrust adjustment is made by the screwed collar at the end of the Spindle, and care should be taken to ensure the elimination of end float without undue friction by over tightening.

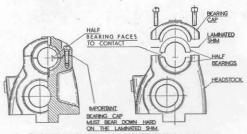


Fig. 34-Showing Method of Adjusting ML7 Lathe Headstock Bearings.

Replacement of Headstock Vee Belt

The vee rope can readily be replaced when necessary by removing the bearing caps and lifting out the spindle assembly as a complete unit; care should be taken to ensure that the shims are replaced in the same positions and that the caps are locked up tight after replacement.

Replacement of Headstock Vee-Belt-Tri-Leva Lathes

- a Remove the main frame unit; see assembly instructions, 'e', page 10a.
- b Remove cheesehead screw and washer 5.60 and 5.61 which fasten link 5.59 (see parts list at end of booklef) to upper belt trap. Unscrew caphead screws 5.10 which hold clamps S.9 and 5.11 to upper belt trap S.8. The clamps and belt trap may now be removed.
- c Dismantle headstock spindle and countershaft as for basic machine.
- N.B. When replacing upper belt trap do not over tighten screws 5.10 which secure the clamps. The upper trap should be free to move by normal hand pressure. The slotted link 5.59 is left free until, with the screws tightened as above, the trap has been positioned to give approximately ± inch clearance between the inner face of the trap and the outer face of the belt. When the trap has been positioned replace screw and washer 59 and 5.11 and tighten.

TUMBLER REVERSE

The Tumbler Reverse or Leadscrew Reverse gear, provides a quick means of changing the rotation of the leadscrew drive to reverse the direction of travel of the lathe carriage. The central lever position is neutral and disengages the leadscrew drive.

DO NOT MOVE THE TUMBLER REVERSE LEVER WHILST THE SPINDLE IS REVOLVING

POWER CARRIAGE FEEDS

Standard change gear lathes are equipped with a set of 14 change wheels cutting various screw threads and obtaining various power longitudinal feeds. To set up the lathe for threading on feeding, refer to the change wheel

chart inside the change wheel guard Figs. 37 and 38.

The thread pitch, or feed, to be set up will be located in the first two columns under the headings T.P.I. and Feed per Rev., respectively. In the third column under the heading DRIVER is listed a number of teeth in the change wheel which should be placed on the tumbler reverse stud.

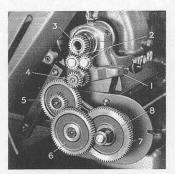


Fig. 35. Showing Leadscrew Drive.

- (1) TUMBLER REVERSE LEVER (5) 1st STUD GEARS
 (2) TUMBLER REVERSE GEARS (6) 2nd STUD GEARS
- (3) 25T SPINDLE GEAR (7) LEADSCREW GEAR
- (4) TUMBLER CLUSTER GEAR (8) SPACER

In the fourth and fifth columns under 1st stud and 2nd stud are shown the gears or pairs of gears which should be placed on the 1st and 2nd studs respectively.

The 6th column lists the gear to be placed on the leadscrew under the heading LEADSCREW.

The column headed SET-UP refers to the number of the diagram, Fig. 36, which will indicate the arrangement of gears and spacers for the pitch in question, see also Fig. 35 which shows set-up as in Diagram 3, Fig. 36.

When setting up the gear train sufficient backlash between each pair of meshing generations are sufficient to the pair of meshing generations the play in the gears is automatically taken up according to the direction of travel; the amount of gear clearance does not influence the accuracy of thread cutting. Gear noise can be reduced by the application of grease, preferably graphited.

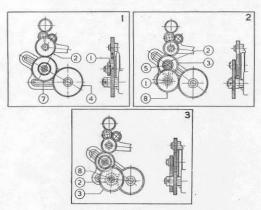


Fig. 36

INCH PITCHES

TPL	FEED	DRIVER				STUD		SET -	•
	PER REV	DHIVEN	DRIVEN	DRIVER	DRIVEN	DRIVER	SCREW	UP	
-8	1250	20	DLE 75		_		20		Ī
9	1111	40	DLE 60	WHEEL	_	_	45		
10	1000	40	DLE 60	WHEEL	_		50	1	ā
11	0909	40	IDLE 60	WHEEL		_	55		ī
12	OB33'	40	DLE 50	WHEEL	-	_	60		
14	0714	20	IDLE 70	WHEEL	_	_	35		
16	·O625	20	DLE 70	WHEEL	_	_	40		
18	-0556	20	DLE 70	WHEEL	_	-	45		8
19	-0526	40	38	20	DLE 55	WHEEL	50	2	
20	-0500	20	IDLE 70	WHEEL	_	-	50		ā
22	·Q455	20	IDLE 70	WHEEL	_	_	5.5	- 1	
24	·0417*	20	DLE 70	WHEEL	-		60		ē
25	-0400	40	50	30	DLE 45	WHEEL	75	2	
26	·0385'	20	DLE 70	WHEEL	-	-	65		
28	·0357	30	35	20	IDLE 50	WHEEL	60	2	
32	.0313.	30	40	20	DLE 55	WHEEL	60	2	
36	-0278	30	45	20	DLE 55	WHEEL	60	2	ī
40	-0250	30	50	20	IDLE 55	WHEEL	60	2	ī
44	-0227	20	55		IDLE SC	WHEEL	60	2	•
46	·0217'	20	46.	30	DLE 45	WHEEL	75	2	ī
48	-020B	20	60	35	DLE 45	WHEEL	70	2	
52	.0192	20	50	25	DLE 55	WHEEL	65	2	ı
54	·0185°	20	45	20	IDLE 55	WHEEL	60	2	1
60	-0167	20	50	25	DLE 55	WHEEL	75	2	1
64	-OI56"	35	40	20	60	30	70	3	1
72	·0139'	25	50	30	45	20	60	3	1
BO -	·0125	25	50	35	70	30	75	3	Ī
88	·0114	30	40	25	55	20	75	3	i
92	·0109*	20	46.	30	50	20	60	3	
96	·0104*	30	40	20	60	25	75	3	1
104	·0096	20	50	30	60	25	65	3	1
	-0087	20	55	30	60	25	65	3	i
112	·0089	25	50	30	60	20	70	3	1
120	-0083	20	50	30	60	25	75	3	1
	·0058	20	55	25	60	20	65	3	1
4	-0043	20	60	25	65	20	75	3	Ì
	-0037	20	65	25	70	20	75	3	1
	-0018	12=	65	20	70	50	75	3	1

8 THREADS PER INCH

Not a standard Gear. Available as an extra.

* 12/25 tooth Tumbier Cluster Gear (1974) available as an extra.

Fig. 37

METRIC PITCHES

FEED PER REV	DRIVER	IST.	IST STUD 2ND STU		STUD	LEAD	SET -
MILLIMETERS	DRIVER	DRIVEN	DRIVER	PORMEN	DRIVER	SCREW	UP
0-20	21.	50	30	60	210	70	3
0 25	30	40	21	60	21	70	3
0.30	121	60	45	50	21	70	3
0.35	35	40	121	50	21	70	3
0.40	21	50	21	DLE 60	WHEEL	70	2
0.45	46	40	21	50	121	70	3
0 50	21	50	45	40	20	60	3
0 60	21	50	45	40	30	75	3
0 70	21	50	121	DLE 60	WHEEL	40	2
0.75	45	4.0	35	50	21	70	3
0.80	21	50	45	DLE 40	WHEEL	75	2
0.90	45	25	121	40	21	70	3
1.00	45	40	21	DLE 50	WHEEL	75	2
1.10	45	50	55	40	21	75	3
1 20	45	25	30	50	21	60	3 .
1 25	45	40	21	DLE 50	WHEEL	60	2
1 30	65	25	15	40	- 21	70	3
1 40	45	25	35	50	21	60	3
1 50	21	50	45	DLE 35	WHEEL	40	2
1 60	45	25	21	IDLE 55	WHEEL	75	2
1 - 75	45	20	35	50	21	60	3
1 80	30	40	45	25	21	50	3
2.00	60	40	15	DLE 55	WHEEL	50	2
2 25	45	40	60	40.	21	50	3
2 50	45	30	21	DLE 50	WHEEL	40	2
2 75	55	20	30	40	21	50	3
3.00	45	25	21	DLE 60	WHEEL	40	2
3 50	60	20	35	40	21	50	3

The tumbler reverse lever should not be shifted during thread cutting operations, as such movement may alter the position of the headstock spindle relative to the leadscrew, thereby causing split threads.

Fig. 38

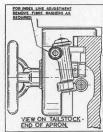


Fig. 39—Thread Dial Indicator Mounting for ML7 Lathe

Thread Dial Indicator

Every lathe is provided with a machined facing on the right hand side of the saddle, drilled and tapped ready to receive this unit. Provision is made for the alignment of the dial markings with the zero mark on the indicator body as shown in Fig. 39. The indicator can be readily engaged or disengaged, and operates as follows:

(1) For even number threads the clasp nut can be engaged at any numbered

mark on the dial.

(2) Odd number threads should always be engaged at the same number or any alternate number.

(3) For half threads per inch, always engage the same number.

the same number.
(4) For other threads, m/m sizes, etc., it is recommended that the clasp nut should not be disengaged.

Note. Threads that are exact multiples of the leadscrew pitch (8 T.P.I.) do not require the use of an indicator.

Carriage Controls

Fig. 40, gives the names and positions of the carriage controls. The apron handwheel moves the carriage along the bed, and the cross slide and top slide ball handles move the toolpost in and out.

Both cross slide and top slide feedscrew dial graduations represent slide movement in increments of .001".

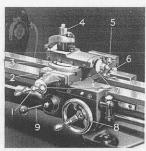


Fig. 40. Showing the carriage controls.

- (1) CROSS SLIDE BALL HANDLE
- (2) SWIVEL GRADUATIONS
- (3) LOCKING BOLT
- (4) TOOL POST

- (5) TOP SLIDE BALL HANDLE
- (6) SADDLE CLAMP
- (7) MICROMETER DIALS
- (8) APRON HANDWHEEL

(9) HALF NUT LEVER

A clamp screw is provided on the saddle to lock the carriage to the bed for facing, parting of, and milling etc., CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO SEE THAT THE CLAMP SCREW IS NOT TIGHTENED WHEN THE CARRIAGE IS TRAVERSED BY THE LEADSCREW.

Longitudinal Feed

Depress the half-nut lever to engage the half nuts with the leadscrew when longitudinal movement of the carriage is required.

If the half-nuts do not engage immediately, DO NOT USE FORCE. Wait until the leadscrew rotates to a position which permits engagement of the half-nuts by gentle pressure only.

The thread dial indicator will give visual guidance and show when the leadscrew is in the correct position for nut engagement.

Saddle and Slide Rests

All slides are provided with normal glb adjustment, and steel plates are fitted beneath the saddle to prevent saddle lift. These plates bear on the underside of the lathe bed and adjustment to ensure close contact is by means of laminated shims similar to those used for the headstock bearings. The same procedure is adopted when adjustment becomes necessary.

The saddle and compound slides on a centre lathe are designed to withstand the cutting force of the tool and it is therefore necessary to maintain, by periodic adjustment, the close contact of gib strip and slide surface. Careful attention should be given to

the screw adjustment to ensure an even pressure of the gib strip.

When stripping the compound slides for thorough cleaning and lubrication readjust the slides without feed screws and screw support brackets, testing the slides by hand motion, re-assembling the feed screw units as the last operation. By the very fact that the slides are built upon each other deflection of the turning tool is transmitted through the slides; so it is important to see that your lathe tool has the minimum overhang and is flat on its clamping surface.

Saddle Gib Strip Adjustment

When adjusting the saddle gib strip, first adjust the two outer screws, ensuring equal pressure. After tightening the locknuts, check for freedom of movement but without play. Next, adjust the inner screws, so that they contact the strip without increasing the friction and teithen their locknuts.

Apron

The apron is anchored to the saddle by means of four socket head screws, and a periodic check should be made to ensure that these screws are tight.

The 2 B.A. \times 1 $\frac{3}{2}$ cap screw (parts list, L14) must be so adjusted that the leadscrew nut will not close sufficiently to cause it to bind on the leadscrew.

The Tailstock

The Tailstock is securely locked to the bed by the quick-acting clamp lever which is located at the rear of the tailstock, Fig. 41.

The barrel is locked in place by means of the thumb lever, also at rear.

The Talistock can be set-over $\frac{-7}{4a}$ for taper turning, by first loosening the bed clamp and then adjusting the screws which are located in the talistock body, directly above the base tenon. A zero mark is engraved at the end of the talistock to serve as a rough guide to set-over amounts, and to assist in returning the talistock to its normal position for parallel turning.

Tailstock Gib Adjustment

Release gib securing screws and retighten until just nipped.

Adjust thrust screws just sufficiently to remove all trace of play of the tailstock relative to the bed shears, but without causing undue friction.

Retighten gib securing screws and check for freedom of movement but lack of "play".



Fig. 41. Rear view of the tailstock.

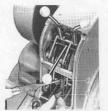
- (1) CLAMP LEVER
 (2) THUMB LEVER
- (4) GIB THRUST SCREWS
- ER (5) GIB SECURING SCREWS
- (3) SET OVER SCREW

Tri-Leva Speed Selector

Belt tension is covered in two ways. All three belts may be adjusted simultaneously by means of the adjusting screws on the cam shaft (as for the basic machine). These should be adjusted to bring the swing head in a position approximately in the centre of the main frame clearance aperture. For individual belt adjustment remove the four screws securing the front plate and detach the that they remain locked in the set position.

To adjust, push the pulley supporting arm (2) inwards to clear the adjusting screw (1), to enable the latter to be turned. The belts should be tensioned to such a degree that there is no feeling of force when the lever is depressed into the operating position.

Trip Adjustment. If an engaged lever is not tripped when a further lever is depressed, the trip plate setting may be varied by raising or lowering the pivor arms (1); see right hand illustration below. Partially release the socket sets screw (4) and release locknuts (3). After the setting of the stop screws, testing the trip before finally locking the locknuts and the socket set screw (4).





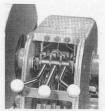


Fig. 41b

CHUCK FITTING

 Before screwing backplate on to spindle nose, ensure the cleanliness of spindle nose, backplate register, faces and thread.



(3) Machine register diameter to light tap fit in chuck body.

Note.With three-jaw gear scroll chucks, contact is made with the outer face of the chuck body and clearance with the inner face, see Fig. 42.

> With four-jaw independent chucks, contact is made with the inner face of the chuck body, see Fig. 43.

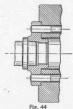
> With 6" four-jaw independent chucks contact is also made with the inner face of the chuck body but the threaded portion of the backplate is housed in the chuck body to eliminate chuck overhang, see Fig. 44.



Fig. 42

(4) Remove backplate from spindle note. Mark out and drill clearance holes for three-jaw chuck locking bolts, and core diameter tapping holes for four-jaw chuck locking bolts. Remove all burrs with countersiank or scraper. Care should be taken when marking out the holes to ensure clearance between the bore of the hole and bolt stem. With the four-jaw chuck backplate, the drilling centres can easily be marked by means of a centre punch with the shank diameter acting as a guide through the chuck body holes. After centring one hole, drill, tap and lock the backplate lightly with a locking bolt. The other three holes can then be centred without fear of the backplate shifting.





CHUCK BACKPLATES & THREADED BODY CHUCKS

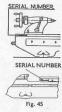
Register bores are held to very close limits. When backplates or threaded body chucks are supplied as separate units after the machine has left these works the register bore may need very light scraping or polishing with fine emery cloth.

Do not screw equipment on to the spindle nose without ensuring that the spindle register diameter is lightly smeared with fine oil.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ORDERING REPLACEMENT PARTS

The following information should be supplied with the order:-

- Type and Serial Number of the lathe, and in the case of lathes with gearboxes fitted, also the serial number of the gearbox.
 For location of numbers see Figs. 45 and 46.
- 2. Section letter and item number of part as listed.
- 3. Quantity Required.





As it is the Company's policy to improve its products whenever opportunity occurs, designs are liable to modification at any time. In some cases, due to the nature of the part, it will be necessary for us to supply additional related parts, particularly if the item required has been altered.

MYFORD ML7 34" CENTRE LATHE

INSTRUCTIONS POUR LES COMMANDES DE PIECES DE RECHANGE

Les indications ci-après sont à fournir avec la commande:

- Type et numéro de série du tour, et, pour les tours équipés de boites de vitesses, également le numéro de série de cette boite.
 Pour l'emplacement de ces nombres, voir fig. 45 et
- La lettre de la section de classification ainsi que le numéro de référence de la pièce, extrait du tableau.
- 3. Quantité désirée.

La politique de la Société visant toujours à l'amélioration des pièces chaque fois que l'occasion s'en présente, les dessins sont susceptibles de subir des modifications à tout instant. Dans certains cas, et en raison de la nature de la pièce, il sera nécessaire que nous fournissons des pièces supplémentaires, notamment si la pièce demandée a subi des modifications.



La información siguiente debe acompañar al pedido:

- Tipo y número de serie del torno, y en el caso de torno dotado de caja de cambio, incluir también el número de la misma.
 Para. localizar los números véanse las figuras 45 y
- Letra de la sección correspondiente del diagrama y número de referencia de la pieza, según está clasificada.
- 3. Cantidad requerida.

Como es norma de la Compañía el mejorar sus productos en toda ocasión que se requiera, el diseño está sújeto a modificaciones en cualquier momento. En algunos casos, debido a la naturaleza de la pieza, será necesario que suministremos partes anexas adicionales particularmente si la pieza ha sido modificada.



INSTRUKTION FUR DAS BESTELLEN VON ERSATZTEILEN

Eine Bestellung über Ersatzteile soll folgende Angaben enthalten:

- Typ und Serien-Nummer der Drehbank, und in denjenigen Fällen wo die Drehbänke bereits mit Schnellwechselradkästen ausgestattet sind, auch die Serien-Nummern derselben.
 Wie die Nummern zu finden sind, zeigen Abb. 45 und 46.
- Buchstabe der Schnittzeichnung und die in der Liste eingetragene Nummer des Ersatzteils.
- 3. Benötigte Anzahl.

Da das MŸPORD-Werk jede Gelegenheit ergreift Seine Produkte den neuesten Anforderungen der Technik anzupassen, unterliegen die Zeichnungen stetigen Aenderungen. Je nach der Art des Stückes kann es in speziellen Fällen unumgänglich sein, dass zusätzliche, hänliche Ersatztelle gelefert werden müssen, besonders dann, wenn das verlangte Stück geändert wurde.

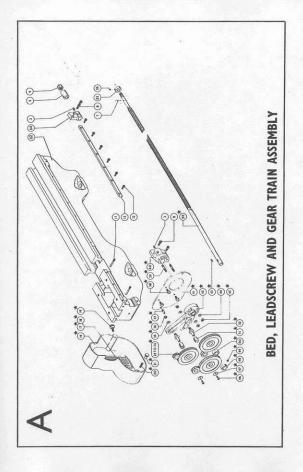


INSTRUCÇOES PARA ENCOMENDAR PECAS DE

Com a encomenda devem ser dadas as seguintes informações:

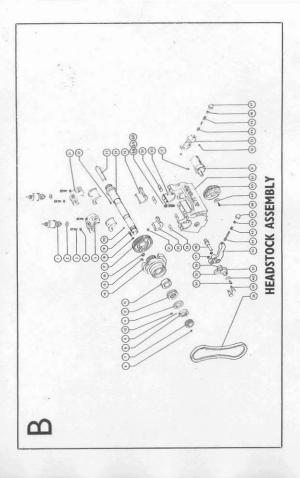
- Tipo e número de série do Torno, e, em casos de tornos com caixa de velocidades adaptada, indicar também o número de série da caixa de velocidades. Para encontrar os números vêr as figuras 45 e 46.
- Letra do corte esquemático e número de ordem da peça conforme relação.
- 3. Quantidade necessária.

Como é norma da Firma melhorar os seus productos sempre que se proporcione ocasião, os desenhos estão sujeitos a modificação em qualquer altura. Em algums casos, devido à natureza da peça, ser-nos-á necessário fornecer peças adicionais, especialmente se o artigo requerido tiver sido modificado.



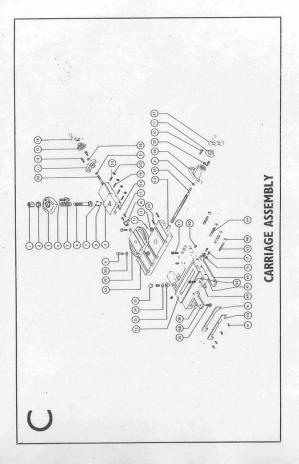
SECTION A BED, LEADSCREW and GEAR TRAIN ASSEMBLY

Description	Off/Mc		-4444		
Description	Stud Description Hosagon Head Set Screw (‡" B.5.F. x 1]	Change Gear Guard Backplate Change Gear Guard Backplate Change Gear Guard Assembly Change Gear Loudrant Assembly	Woderum Rey No 40-1 Washer (L) - 10-1 Heasgen Nut (L' B. F.) - 10-1 Cheese Head Screw (Z B. A. x 1) - 10-1	Chulsterer Speer Thrust Collar Socket Starter Thrust Collar Socket Starter Eddictor St. Leadtrew Bracket Assembly St. Leadtrew Bracket Assembly	to do not apply to ML7B Quick Change Lather. Oranged lathe A3470 Oranged lathe fold from the first of the first of the first oranged lathe A34721.
Description Original Origin	No. No. 1326	11134/1 0/1105/2 4736	00005 00057 00018 287		These par These par A12 For I A13 For I A59 For I
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Oil Nipple (2 B.A.)	Off/Mc.	-44-			
	sscription	B.S.F. x [*)	2 B.A. x 화 r Guard g Chart 0 x 참기	295 667 667 667 668 668 668 668 668 668 668	G GET
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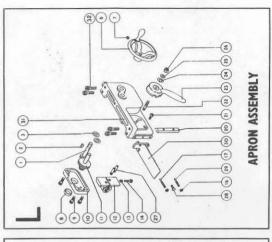
SECTION B HEADSTOCK ASSEMBLY

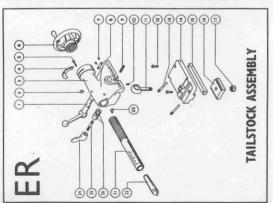
Ž	04/1		_	7	-	-	7	7	-	7		7	7	-	7	7				_								
	Description	Socket Set Screw (1" B.S.F. x 1") (Cup Point)	Spindle Bearing (Rear)	Laminated Shim (Rear Bearing)	Cheese Head Screw (2 B.A. x 1)	20T Tumbler Gear	18T Tumbler Gear	Hexagon Locknut (‡" B.S.F.)	Tumbler Reverse Stud	Gear Stud	Washer	Tumbler Reverse Lever	Plunger	Spring	Screwed Bush	Acorn Knob	Socket Countersunk Screw (2 B.A. x 4")	Washer	21/56T Backgear Cluster	Backgear Eccentric Assembly	Socket Set Screw (2 B.A. x 17) (Cup Point)	Backgear Lever	Vee Belt (Headstock) (23" inside Length)	Tumbler Sleeve Gear	Cap Screw (M8 x I-25 x 35 mm)	Cap Screw (M8 x 1.25 x 30 mm)	Cap Screw (M8 x 1.25 x 25 mm)	Headstock
Part	No.	10001	70/1206	70/1204	100018	70/1242	70/1241	100305	70/1222	70/1243	11287	70/1208	70/1219	A4728	70/1220	80031	100405	70/1217	70/1218	A1856	100322	70/1207/1	70020	70/1232/1	100554	100234	100253	70/21/4
Drg.	Ref.	831	B32	B33	B34	B35	B36	B37	B38	B39	B40	B43	B44	B45	B46	B47	B48	B49	B50	BSI	B52	B53	B55	B57	B58	B59	B60	Bel
No.			4	4	4	-	_	_	-		-	_	-	-	-	2	1	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	l set	7	2
	Description	Sight-feed Lubricator	Fibre Washer (J" B.S.P.)	Cap Screw (4" B.S.F. x 3")	Washer	Bearing Cap (Rear)	Grubscrew (2 B.A. x 3-7)	25T Gear	Locking Collar	Copper Pad	Socket Set Screw (3" B.S.F. x 3,") (Half Dog Point)	Thrust Washer	Thrust Bearing	Distance Sleeve	Vee Cone Pulley Assembly	Oil Nipple (2 B.A.)	Backgear Key	65T Backgear	Washer (3,")	Cap Screw (2 B.A. x 1)	Pln	Bearing Cap (Front)	Woodruff Key (No. 404)	60° Centre (Soft)	Spindle	Spindle Bearing (Front)	Laminated Shim (Front Bearing)	- Luciani - Luci
Part	No.	65174	11261	100314	70/1984	70/1202	MY2820	70/1246	70/1239	11253	801001	MF59/1														70/1205	70/1203	70/1228
Drg.	Ref.	81	82	83	84	BS	B6	87	88	89	810	811	812	813	814	BIS	B16	817	818	819	B20	821	B22	B23	B24	825	B29	830
											37																	



SECTION C

0 6 7 6 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8	
x f) (Nog Penri)	alf Dog Point)
Heasgen Haad Bott. Chmp Excentre Chmp Excentre Chmp Research Chmp Heaster Chmp Heaster Heasgen Haad Bott (M. B.S.F. x. II) (Hard) Heasgen Haad Star Stew (B.S.F. x. II) (Hard) Luminated Shim (Rean) Humper Star Star Star Star Star Star Star Sta	Cox Silde End Plate: Disposa Silde End Plate: Disposa Silde End Plate: Sizew - Ball Handle Securing Sizew - Ball Handle Securing Sizew - Silde End Securing Copper Ball Socket Secrew (# B.S. R. x, R) (Half) Dog Point)
Part A742 A742 A742 A742 A742 A742 A742 A742	A1384 A2073 A2073 A2058 A1541/1 A2229 11253
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Hexagon Nucleoseropation Sphrain Mark Adjusting Serow Assembly Adjusting Serow Assembly For Claim Stud For Claim Stud For Stud Fo	having mentir festiceness with 80 and 40 division disk the following are used Top Side Festicare Assembly — CDS Side Festicare Assembly — CDS Side Festicare Disk — CDS Side Microrest Disk — CDS Side Microrest Disk — CDS Side Microrest Disk — CDS Side Festivation — CDS Side F
Part No. 70,1412 No. 70,1412 No. 70,1412 No. 70,1412 No. 70,1412 No. 70,1403 No. 70,1403 No. 70,1403 No. 70,1403 No. 70,1403 No. 70,1403 No. 70,1303 No. 70,1304 N	For machines CIO A2282/I CII A1649/I CII A3249 CII A326/I CII A2093 CII A2093 CII A1648 CZS A2636
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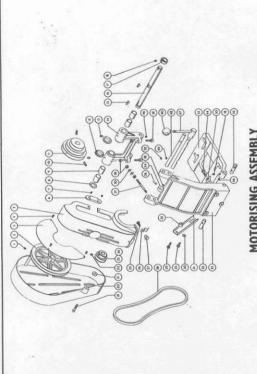




SECTION ER TAILSTOCK ASSEMBLY

APRON ASSEMBLY SECTION L

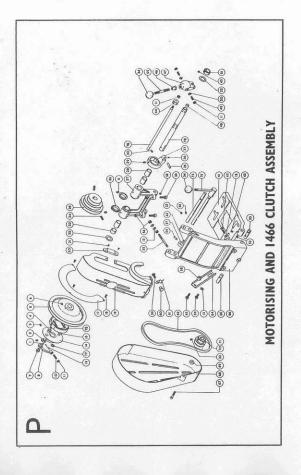
Description Noodyll, Key Ne. de Noodyll, Key Ne. de Noodyll, Key Ne. de Noodyll, Key Ne. de Societ see Serwigh B.S.F. x J.J. (Cup Point) Societ see Serwigh Cli S. x J. (Cup Point) Collies Bush (Cl. I S. x J.) Societ de B.S.F. x J. (Cup Point) Societ d
Part A2086, A2086, A2086, A2087, I 1 1 1 2 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
N. 20
Consciption Oil Nipple (2 B.A.) Oil Nipple (2 B.A.) Thurst Pinesck Body Thurst Pinesck Body Handwheel Assembly And Handwheel Assembly For the Nipple (2 B.A. x R) And the State (3 B.A. x R) For the State (3 B.A. x R)
Part No. 2.138 (2000) (2.797) (2.138) (2.797) (2.2797) (2.2797) (2.2797) (2.2797) (2.2139) (2
POTE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROP
41



MOTORISING ASSEMBLY

SECTION F MOTORISING ASSEMBLY

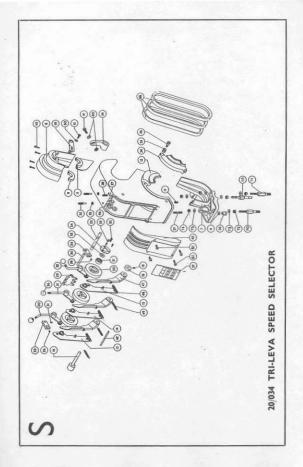
Off/Mc.			-44	m- c	ed when
Spring Clip Description Knob	Vee Belt (Motor Drive) (34-5" Inside Length) Hexagon Head Set Screw ([" B.S.F. x ["]) Washer (["])	Mocor Base Swing Pin Countershaft Arm Eccentric Shaft Collar TTE Bar Spacer	Stud Hexagon Nut (# 8.5.F.) Adjusting Strew Motor (# Dia. x # 8.5.W.)	Hoxgon Head Set Screw (J. B.S.F. x 117) Motor Base Swing Pin Socket Set Screw (J. B.S.F. x 187) (Half Dog	F47 70(1613) Ecretic and tever Assembly ————————————————————————————————————
Part No. 70/1625 70/1624	70025 100310 100005	A1843 70/1602/3 70/1612 A1862 70/1326	A4727 100057 A2123 80003	00520 A1842 100327	F47 70/1613/1 F48 A3969 "Standard bore si
Ref.		33,22,23	138	444	F47 F48
No. Drg. Off/Mc. Ref. 2 F26 1 F27		4-44-	nn-n-	-4-	
No. Description Socket Set Screw (# B.S.F. x #) (Cup Point) Countershift Pulley	Cover Plate F28 Countersunk Head Screw (2 B.A. x 7) 3 F29 Headstock Beit Guard F30	Counterputs Head Screw (# B.A. x #) — 4 Counterputs Head Screw (# B.A. x #) — 4 Oilte Bath — 4 Voted sets sets Screw (# B.S. x #) (Cup Point) — 2 Vec Cone Pulley — 7	Hard Rubber Bush Swing Head Assembly (includes F9) Woodruff Key (No. 606)	Socket Set Screw (f. B.S.F. x ‡7) (Cup Point)	Belt Gurdershift bett Garden Belt Gurdershift bett Garden Spacer Belt Gurder Spacer Spacer Belt St. K. A. (Cup Point). 2 Socket Set Server (# B.S. F. x. A.) (Cup Point). 7 Moore Pulley (# Bere). 1 Havaron Had Set Server II. B. F. R. B. S. Belt Spacer Pulley (# Bere).
No. Description Socket Set Screw (# B.S.F. x #) (Cup Point) Countershift Pulley	Cover Plate F28 Countersunk Head Screw (2 B.A. x 7) 3 F29 Headstock Beit Guard F30	4-44-	Hard Rubber Bush Swing Head Assembly (includes F9) Woodruff Key (No. 606)	Socket Set Screw (f. B.S.F. x ‡7) (Cup Point)	Belt Gurdershift bett Garden Belt Gurdershift bett Garden Spacer Belt Gurder Spacer Spacer Belt St. K. A. (Cup Point). 2 Socket Set Server (# B.S. F. x. A.) (Cup Point). 7 Moore Pulley (# Bere). 1 Havaron Had Set Server II. B. F. R. B. S. Belt Spacer Pulley (# Bere).



SECTION P

MOTORISING AND 1466 CLUTCH ASSEMBLY

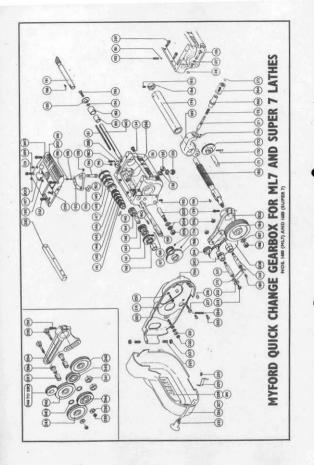
Office	~ ~ .	- m	-44-			-equired
Description Thrust Ring Lever Extension Locknut	Lever Thrust Block Retaining Screw Thrust Block	Countershaft Collar Socket Set Screw (# B.S.F. x #) (Haif Dog Point) Motor Base Swing Pin	Stud	Spring Cip. Belt (Moor Drive) (345" Inside Length). Hoagon Head Set Screw (if B.S.F. x [7]	Countershift Belt Guard But Gard Spacer Hoor Pilloy (E Born) Facer Hilley (E Born) Facer	Brake Shoe Assembly not available
A1955 A1955 A1955			A4727 100057 70/1612 A1862 100315	70/1625 70025 100310 A1859 A1843 70/1602/5	70/1622 70/1983/1 A1852/1 70/1613/1 A3969 A9950 A1800/1	P78 70019 Standard bore
P 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2	P449	P52	P56 P56 P58	P65 P65 P65 P65	P68 P70 P72 P73 P75	Sta Sta
04/Mc.	ma	4-4	o	144-4-4-	жиии	-w4
Description OffMc. Adjusting Washer Secret (T.B.S.F. x 1/2) (Cup Point)		8 PI)				Motor Base Hexagon Head Set Strew (# B.S.F. x 1) Hexagon Head Set Strew (# B.S.F. x 1) Motor Head Set Strew (# B.S.F. x 1)
Part Description	Bush Countershift Pulley Countershift Pulley Countershift Pulley Steeve Nut	4-4	-		100010 31.00010	Motor Base Hoxagon Hada Set Screw (# B.S.F. x 117) Scoulage Car Crew (# B.S.F. x 117) Scoulage Car Crew (# B.S. F. x 17)



SECTION S 20/034 TRI-LEVA SPEED SELECTOR

Description	No. Par. P	Off/Mc.	7.7	-14-		- m	mo	nm	mm	mm	mo	m -		140	m -	-	- 4	0 9			1
Part	Washer (f) Description PAR	Stud	Nut	Spherical Washer Cores (F. R. C. B.)	Rod	Slotted Cover	Lever	Spring screw	Pulley Ball Bearing (RHP No. 629)	Cover Socket Countersunk Screw (2 B.A. x 1)	Retaining Ring Countersunk Head Screw (4 B.A. x 2)	Knob Soeed Plate	Unk Wester (27)	Cheese Head Screw (2 B.A. x 1)	Vee Belt (23" Inside Length)	Support Stud (Front, L.H.)	Support Stud (Front, R.H.)	Washer (M6)		Hexagon Key (ﷺ A/F) Box Spanner (ﷺ Whit.)	Double Ended Spanner (2 B.A. x 0 B.A.)
N	Washer (!) Description Office Base Committee Commi	No. A3496	C1241	A3498	A3514	A2023	A3500/1	A3504	A3505 73038	A3507			A3780	100546	70020 - A3474/I	A3475/	A3476/1			78020	021
Washer (f) Description But You (Counserhit) End (Claim		Ref. S37	538	540	542	543	547	549	550	552	554	555	658	198	898	570	571	573	Noc	295	
					-								658	-	-	-		- 2	2 Not	S63	

MYFORD ML7 34" CENTRE LATHE



MYFORD ML7 31' CENTRE LATHE

PARTS LIST FOR QUICK CHANGE GEARBOX

Off/Mc	7	-	m -	-		-		-	-		-								-		-		-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	
Description	16T Gear	Bush	Woodruff Key (No. 404)	Zol Gear	of cear	Selector	391 lumbler Gear	Spindle	Taper Pin (No. 0 x IJ)	Socket Setscrew (2 B.A. x 17) (Cup Point)	Spring	Guide Bar	reg and Grubscrew	Copper Pad	Socket Setscrew (f B.S.F. x (7) (Half Dog Point)	Input Shaft	Sollar	Socket Setscrew (1 B.S.F. x 1) (Cup Point)	7ZT Gear	Washer (72" B.S.F.)	Hexagon Nut (井 B.S.F.)	Oil Nipple (2 B.A.)	Leadscrew	Quadrant Plate	Pivot Pin	Socket Setscrew (4" B.S.F. x 4.") (Cup Point)	Thrust Block	Upper Lever	Locating Pin	Spring	Grubscrew
No.										100322	A2612	A3009	A2542	1253	100541	A3010	11286	10001	A2327												
			-										9	-	~		41		0	-	00	6	-	2	Z	32	9	-	8	0	0 -
Reco	164	165	99	1071	207	107	2	1	172	174	1	-	20	10	80	10 0	00 (000	8		80	18	18	2	=	-	19	19	19	6	200
Off/Mc.	_	2				101	2:	17	172	_						-		_	_	-	-	8	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	
	Bush	Sealing Washer (Dowty Selon Mark 5)	Drain Plug (f" 8.S.P.)	Oll Level Plug	Tug	Captive Screw	Spring Washer (4. lerrys 159)	O. King (Ref. B.S. 011)	Cap Screw (f" B.S.F. x ?)	Shaft	let Gear	Taper Pin (No. 0 x 1)	181 Gear	19T Gear	20T Gear	ZZI Gear	Z4T Gear	Zel Gear	281 Gear	32T Gear	Key	Bush	Clamping Steeve	Laminated Washer	Clamp Washer	Socket Countersunk Screw (#" B.S.F. x (")	Socket Setscrew (2 B.A. x 27) (Cup Point)	Layshaft	Key	32T Gear	Ollite Bush
Off/Mc.	Bush	Sealing Washer (Dowty Selon Mark 5)	Drain Plug (f" 8.S.P.)	Oll Level Plug	Tug	Captive Screw	Spring Washer (4. lerrys 159)	O. King (Ref. B.S. 011)	Cap Screw (f" B.S.F. x ?)	Shaft	let Gear	Taper Pin (No. 0 x 1)	181 Gear	19T Gear	20T Gear	ZZI Gear	Z4T Gear	Zel Gear	281 Gear	32T Gear	Key	Bush	Clamping Steeve	Laminated Washer	Clamp Washer	Socket Countersunk Screw (#" B.S.F. x (")	Socket Setscrew (2 B.A. x 27) (Cup Point)	Layshaft	Key	32T Gear	Ollite Bush

QUICK CHANGE GEARBOX (contd.) PARTS LIST FOR

MYFORD ML/ 31 CENTRE LA	411
04 No.	7
Delling Tempter Koob (F. W. Earn, reference No. 780) Cop Screw (F. B.S. K. K.) Washer (A) Old May Cope Lumate HOPF4/45) No Cope Lumate HOPF4/45) Koob Koob Cop Screw (Mé X I X 20 mm) Koob Cop Screw (Mé X I X 20 mm) Koob Cop Screw (Mé X I X 20 mm) Koob Cop Screw (Mé X I X 20 mm) Koob Cop Screw (Mé X I X 20 mm) Koob Cop Screw (Mé X I X 20 mm) Cop Scre	A60, on quick change lathes only
Part A2754 (100397) (100397) (100397) (100022) (100022) (100022) (100022) (100022) (100397) (A60, on q
Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-
Charge Gear Ouddrant Antidor Ph. Washer (10 P. B.S.F.) Heasgon Nur (F. B.S.F.) Heasgon Nur (F. B.S.F.) Heasgon Nur (F. B.S.F.) Hydry Reventile Cherer Gear Hydry Reventile Cherer Gear Heasgon Heasgon Berte Cherer Gear Heasgon Nur (F. B.S.F.) Hydry Reventile Cherer Gear Heasgon Gear (G. B.S. x. 1) Hings Serwin (F. B.S. x. 1) Hings Serwin (F. B.S. x. 1) Genoral And Gear (G. B.S. x. 1) Chargeweld Gard (B.S.F. R. T) Hings Serwin (T. B.S. X. R. T) Characteristic (T. B.S. X. R. T) Hings Serwin (T. B.S. X. R. T) Characteristic (T. B.S. X. R. T) Hings Serwin (T. B.S. X. R. T) Hings Serwin (T. B.S. X. R. T) Characteristic (T. B.S. X. R. T) Hings Serwin (T. B.S. X. R. T) Characteristic (T. B.S. X. R. T)	Spring Clip
Part (A)0.000 (A)0.00	
Prig. 2202 2203 2203 2203 2203 2203 2203 220	229

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ппппппп	ппппппп	11285	1285	11285	1285	11285	11285	1785
Cap Head Screw (F. B.S. F. x §)	100070 Cap Head Screw (F. B. E. K. R. F. B. A.	242	244	245	247	248	249	720
Cap Head Serve (F B.S.F. x ?) Chinge Gear Quadran: Chingewheel Stud arm: Chapwheel Stud arm: Nah Headgon Nut (F B.S.F.) Headgon Nut (F B.S.F.)	100377 Cap Head Serve (F. B.S. F. P. A.7449 Change Gaar Quadrant		- 74	N	7.0	2	21	7
	100370 A2469 A1496 A1501 A1498 100057 A1499 A2604	Cap Head Screw (4" B.S.F. x 2")	Changwheel Stud	Sleeve	Bush Washer	Hexagon Nut (‡" B.S.F.)	Changewheel Spacer	Distance Piece

GENERAL POINTS ON CENTRE LATHE PRACTICE

- (1) Clean and oil your machine after use.
- (2) When holding work in a chuck, grip as much of the material as possible. If thin flanged work is to be held, give support to the tool thrust by inserting a ring or collar between chuck body and work piece. The pressure on the jaws can be eased and so prevent straining of the chuck to avoid what is commonly known as "Bell Mouth laws."
- (3) Do not grip irregular shaped material in a three-jaw chuck. Use a four-jaw chuck for rough material.
- (4) Do not swing offset jobs on the faceplate without balancing by counterweight. A piece of shaped lead clamped to the faceplate opposite the offset material will give the necessary balance to most jobs. Swinging unbalanced work places an unnecessary load on bearings and causes ovality on work being turned.
- (5) After your work has been clamped to faceplate, pull the machine round by hand and test tool and slide clearance to avoid damage by swinging bolts, etc.
- (6) When roughing out heavy stock, use the tailstock centre for support. This helps the chuck's life of accuracy and takes away some of the load applied to spindle and bearings.
- (7) When knurling, do not force knurling tool into work with too great a pressure as strain is placed upon feedscrew and nut. Use lubricating oil freely during knurling operation.
- (8) Do not leave the key in your headstock chuck. Nasty accidents occur should the lathe be switched on accidentally.
- (9) See that the spindle thrust is correctly adjusted. Any end float causes chatter.
- (10) Always wipe spindle nose and chuck register faces clean before mounting chucks, faceplates, etc.
- (11) When removing a chuck (or faceplate), do not 'yank' the chuck off with the back-gar, but set in headstock for normal back-gard rives, and after placing a piece of hard wood on the lathe bed, pull the spindle round by means of the belt so that one jaw of the chuck or slot in the faceplate stilker, the wood sharply. The most obstinate chuck is released in this way, and a great deal of the lead it staken from the back-ear testing.
- (12) Always clean out the spindle taper before inserting centres.
- (13) A small mark on the headstock centre with a corresponding mark on the front face of the spindle nose enables the position of location for trueness to be maintained.
- (14) Do not forget that the headstock centre (live centre) must run true and should be turned in position when correction is necessary.
- (15) Except for occasional oiling, the tailstock requires very little attention. It is, however, important that its original accuracy is maintained. The following points will assist in avoiding unnecessary calistock troubles:—
 - When turning between centres, see that the barrel is a far in the tailstock body as possible. This will give greater rigidity and lessen the load on the body bore when machining. When drilling, see that the drill starts in a truly centred hole as any swing on a fairly large drill causes unnecessary wear on the sliding barrel. When turning between centres, remember that the tailstock centre has the friction of the rotating work piece to withstand and must be kept lubricated; also that when work being turned becomes heated, it expands, giving an added pressure to the contact fases. Check your work freedom at periods during the turning operation, slightly stackening the tailstock pressure when necessary. Yery little trouble should arise with. Durned up centre if these points are watends. A hardened centre when becomes embedded in the work being turned, causing unlimited complications unless removed.
- (16) When setting gear trains, do not mesh the change wheels too tightly.
- (17) Always remember that your ML7 Lathe is a valuable Machine Tool, and no effort should be spared to maintain its quality and accuracy.



History:

The ML7 lathe, was launched in August 1946, the basic bench lathe retailing at £34.00. The ML7 was so successful that it saw the immediate demise of its predecessor's, the ML2 and ML4.

The Myford "M" type, a Myford's version of the Drummond "M" type. cost £42.00 and production of this discontinued in the early 1950's.

Over it's 33 years production run the ML7 stood the test of time remarkably well. Whilst there were numerous minor changes, the number of major design changes were very few and these are listed below.

In July 1969 at serial number K90494 a cast lug was incorporated into the headstock. The lug is situated just behind the spindle nose and it's initial purpose was to act as an anchor point for the optional lever operated collet attachment. In later years the same point would be used as a pivot point for the chuck guard.

In May 1972 from serial number K107657, the existing carriage was converted from the narrow guide to the wide guide principle. On the earlier machines the saddle located across the front two shears and on later models across the full width of the bed, the 5f5 diameter leadscrew and die cast apron were retained.

From lathe No. K108718 the cross slides were fitted with 5mm pitch self locking adjusting screws.

April 1973 saw the introduction of the new bed at serial number K111727, the re-design was necessary to accommodate the power cross feed apron on the Super 7 lathe. At the same time the specification of the ML7 was uprated to incorporate the 3/4" diameter leadscrew and cast iron apron as used on the pre-power cross feed Super 7's.

The last machine No. K140848 left the fitting lines on the 31st January 1979.

It should be noted that long bed ML7 lathes were always fitted with a 3/4" diameter leadscrew and the saddle cross slide and top slide as used on the pre-power cross feed Super 7 lathes.

Please Note: When ordering, kindly state the serial number and prefix letter of your lathe. On earlier machines upto serial No. K111727 this will be found on the rear shear of the lathe bed, at the tailstock end of the machine. On later machines after serial number K111727 this will be found on the front of the lathe bed, to the left hand side of the rack.



Fig. 2



Fig. 2

Headstock Section:

Part Number	Description		Price Incl VA
65174	Sight feed lubricator	£5.06	£ 5.95
11261	Fibre washer	£0.08	£ 0.09
70/1230	Spindle (Original specification) - No longer available	MANUEL INC.	-
70/1205	Spindle bearing (front) white metal - No longer available		-
70/1206	Spindle bearing (rear) white metal - No longer available		- 1
70/1203	Laminated shim - front bearing	£2.12	£ 2.49
70/1204	Laminated shim - rear bearing	£2.12	£ 2.49
	Note: We are no longer able to purchase further supplies of the metal bearings at sensible prices. This has necessitated the sup- detailed below as a direct replacement and in terms of cost is and the price of what a new set of bearings would be.	pply of the kit	
	ML7 Headstock spindle and bearing kit:		
A8122	Hardened spindle	£71.62	£ 84.15
A8120	Spindle bearing (front) bronze, complete with shims	£55.20	£ 64.86
A8121	Spindle bearing (rear) bronze, complete with shims	£40.13	£ 47.15
	Price for Headstock spindle with bearings complete	£166.95	£196.16
70/1226	65T Backgear assembly, (including driving key etc)	£27.10	£ 31.85
70/1227	Backgear key	£3.95	£ 4.64
11163	Special allen key, for above backgear key	£1.43	£ 1.68
70/1218	Backgear cluster assembly 21/56t gear	£13.26	£ 15.58
100405	Socket countersunk screw (2BA x 1/2")	£0.05	£ 0.06
70/1219	Plunger	£4.29	£ 5.04
A4728	Spring	£0.10	£ 0.12
70/1220	Screwed bush	£0.15	£ 0.18
80001	Knob	£0.80	£ 0.94
70/1234/2	Vee cone pulley assembly	£42.90	£ 50.41
70020	Vee belt - Headstock	£5.33	£ 6.26
65390	Oil nipple (replaces 65000)	£0.35	£ 0.41
73044	Thrust bearing	£24.53	£ 28.82
70/1246	25T Gear	£5.11	£ 6.00
11260	Grubscrew (2BA x 3/16") (MY2820)	£0.05	£ 0.06
70/1242	20T Tumbler gear	£6.00	£ 7.05
70/1241	18T Tumbler gear	£5.75	£ 6.76
70/1232/2	Tumbler sleeve gear	£16.10	£ 18.92
70/1249	Soft centre - 2MT	£3.70	£ 4.35
70/1129	6.3/4" Standard Faceplate	£17.50	£ 20.56
70/1137	Catchplate with 11291 drive peg.	£15.30	£ 17.98

Countershaft and Motorising Section:

Part Number	Description		Price Incl VAT
70/1619/2	Countershaft	£24.08	£28.29
70003	Woodruff	£0.19	€ 0.22
70/1626/6	Vee cone pulley assembly	£20.92	£24.58
A1973	Thrust washer	£0.07	£ 0.08
A1832	Countershaft pulley	£12.29	£14.44
A1227	Hard rubber bush	£3.66	£ 4.30
A2834/1	'Oilite' bush	£1.80	€ 2.11
65390	Oil nipple (replaces 65000)	£0.35	£ 0.41
70/1624	Knob	£3.87	€ 4.55
70/1625	Spring clip	£0.92	£ 1.08
100315	Hexagon head set screw (1/4" B.S.F. x 5/8")	£0.18	£ 0.21
80003	Knob (1.1/4" dia. X 5/16" B.S.W.)	£0.75	€ 0.88
A1851/1	Motor pulley - 5/8" bore	£7.50	£ 8.81
70025	Vee belt - Motor drive	£3,73	£ 4.38

Change Gear Train Section:

70/1136/1	Changewheel stud assembly	£12.71	£14.93
12229	Change gear stud	£7.00	£ 8.23
11928	Change gear bush	£6.05	£7.11
11287	Washer	£0.18	£.0.21
100018	Cheese head screw (2BA x 3/8")	£0.05	£ 0.06
11286	Collar	£3.06	£ 3.60
11278	Grubscrew	£0.05	£ 0.06
70/1132	Spacer	£3.02	£ 3.55
A4736	Change gear quadrant assembly	£9.85	£11.57
70/1131	Thumb screw	£3.22	£ 3.78
70/1909/1	Thumb nut	£2.78	£ 3.27
65390	Oil nipple (replaces 65000)	£0.35	£ 0.41

Rack, Leadscrew and Apron Section:

Part Number	Description		Price incl VAT
	Note: Diecast Apron spares for lathes with 5/8" diam	eter	
	Leadscrew prior to K111727. This does not include lo machines.	ng bed	
A9179	Rack, with fixing screws - Standard bed	£25.61	£30.09
A9222	Rack, with fixing screws - Long bed	£41.55	£48.82
A4182	Leadscrew - 5/8" Dia Imperial - 8 T.P.I Standard bed - Changewheel machine	£79.51	£93.42
A4183	Leadscrew - 5/8" Dia Imperial - 8 T.P.I Standard bed - Quick change gearbox machine	£79.51	£93,42
70/1316	Hand traverse pinion	£10.34	£12.15
70002	Woodruff Key (No.404)	£0.31	£ 0.36
11258	Fibre washer	£0.09	£ 0.10
73074	'Oilite' bush (CT4 x 1.1/4")	£2.20	£ 2.59
70/1331	Handwheel assembly	£23.44	£27.54
70/1315	Rack pinion assembly	£18.19	£21.37
11258	Fibre washer	£0.09	£ 0.10

Rack, Leadscrew and Apron Section Continued:

73074	'Oilite' bush (CT4 x 1.1/4")	£2.20	£ 2.59
73001	'Oilite' bush (CT15 x 1/4")	£2.10	£ 2.47
11258	Fibre washer	£0.09	£ 0.10
73074	'Oilite' bush (CT4 x 1.1/4")	£2.20	£ 2.59
73001	'Oilite' bush (CT15 x 1/4")	£2.10	£ 2.47
70/1310/1ACC	Leadscrew nut assembly (includes 70/1326 Cam peg, A4729 Spring a	nd 100319	
	2BA x 1.3/4" Cap head screw)	£11.50	£13.51
11272	Adjusting screw - Gib strip (MY2809)	£0.16	£ 0.18
11271	Adjusting screw - Gib strip (MY2806)	£0.11	£ 0.13
100027	Hex. Locknut (2BA)	£0.06	£ 0.07
A4188/1	Leadscrew guard	£3.75	£ 4.41
80003	Knob - Cam and lever assembly	£0.75	£ 0.88
	Note: Cast Iron Apron spares for lathes with 3/4" diametr Leadscrew after K111727 and onwards. This also include bed lathes.	s all long	
A9179	Rack, with fixing screws - Standard bed	£25.61	£30.09
A9222	Rack, with fixing screws - Long bed	£41.55	£48.82
A2054/2	Leadscrew - 3/4" Diameter - Imperial - 8 T.P.I Standard bed - Changewheel machine	£46.50	£54.64
A3472	Leadscrew - 3/4" Diameter - Imperial - 8 T.P.I Long bed - Changewheel machine	£48.50	£56.99
A3011/1	Leadscrew - 3/4" Diameter - Imperial - 8 T.P.I Standard bed - Quick change gearbox machine	£46.50	£54.63
A3839/1	Leadscrew - 3/4" Diameter - Imperial - 8 T.P.I Long bed - Quick change gearbox machine	£48.50	£56.99
A2086	Hand traverse pinion	£8.71	£10.23
70002	Woodruff key (No. 404)	£0.31	£ 0.36
11260	Fibre washer (Formerly MY4106)	£0.11	£ 0.13
A2087/1	Handwheel assembly	£23.44	£27.54
A2085	Rack pinion assembly	£16.68	£19.60
11260	Fibre washer (Formerly MY4106)	£0.11	£ 0.13
73001 -	'Oilite' bush (CT15 x 1/4")	£2.10	£ 2.47
A1975/3ACC	Leadscrew nut assembly (includes 70/1326 Cam peg, A4729 Spring a 2BA x 1.3/4" Cap head screw)	nd 100319 £26.09	£30.66
A9337	Adjusting screw - Gib strip	£0.89	£ 0.99
A9338	Adjusting screw - Gib strip	£1.23	£ 1.44
100027	Hexagon locknut (2BA)	£0.06	£ 0.07

Saddle and Cross Slide Section:

Part Number	Description		Price incl VAT
	Note: Saddle and Cross Slide - for lathes upto serial number K111727 with Diecast Apron and 5/8" diameter Leadscrew.		
70/1327	Wiper housing £2.8	2	£ 3.31
100316	Round head screw (4BA x 3/8") £0.0	5	£ 0.06
70/1328	Felt wiper £1.2	5	£ 1.47
65390	Oil nipple (replaces 65000) £0.3	5	£ 0.41
70/1305	Laminated shim - Front £2.2	0	£ 2.59

Saddle and Cross Slide Section Continued:

Part Number	Description		Price Incl VA
70/1304	Laminated shim - Rear	£2.20	£ 2.59
70/1311	Saddle adjusting screw - Gib strip	£1.52	£1.79
100027	Hexagon locknut (2BA)	£0.06	£ 0.07
11296	Hexagon head bolt - Saddle clamping	£1.23	£ 1.44
100008	Washer (5/16")	£0.03	£ 0.04
70/1312	Clamp eccentric	£2.29	£ 2.69
	Note: Saddle and Cross Slide - for lathes after serial number K111727 with Cast Iron Apron and 3/4" diameter Leadscrew.		
11271	Cross slide adjusting screw - Gib strip (MY2806) (For lathes upto serial K108718).	£0.11	£ 0.13
100027	Hexagon locknut (2BA)	£0.06	£ 0.07
A8736	Wiper housing	£2.82	£ 3.31
100316	Round head screw (4BA x 3/8")	£0.05	£ 0.06
A8735	Felt wiper	£1.25	£ 1.47
70/1305	Laminated shim - Front	£2.20	£ 2.59
70/1304	Laminated shim - Rear	£2.20	£ 2.59
A7760	Saddle adjusting screw - Gib strip	£0.85	£ 1.00
A7424/1	Saddle adjusting screw - Gib strip	£1.55	£ 1.82
100305	Hexagon locknut (1/4" B.S.F.)	£0.57	£ 0.08
11296	Hexagon head bolt - Saddle clamping	£1.23	£ 1.44
100008	Washer (5/16")	£0.03	£ 0.04
70/1312	Clamp eccentric	£2.29	£ 2.69
A8623	Cross slide adjusting screw - Glb strip - For 70/1308/1 Cross slide	£0.60	€ 0.70
100318	Cross slide adjusting screw - Gib strip - For 70/1308/1 Cross slide	£0.20	£ 0.23
70/1308/1	Cross slide - Standard - No longer available - Use A1513/1		-
A1513/1	Cross slide - Long (This Cross slide is 1.7/16" longer than the standard Cross slide giving an additional tee slot) £53.19		£62.50
70/1301	Cross slide end plate	£6.78	£ 7.97
70/1321	Feedscrew - Imperial - 10 T.P.I Standard cross slide	£6.41	£7.53
30/133	Feedscrew - Imperial - as above but - Fitted feednut - Std. cross slide	£10.79	£12.68
A3239	Feedscrew - Imperial - 10 T.P.I Long cross Slide	£9.66	£11.35
30/135	Feedscrew - Imperial - as above but - Fitted feednut - Long cross slide	£13.87	£16.30
70/1302	Feednut - Imperial - 10 T.P.I.	£4.95	£ 5.81
A4730	Feedscrew - Metric - 2mm Pitch - Standard cross slide	£6.41	£ 7.53
30/134	Feedscrew - Metric - as above but - Fitted feednut - Std cross slide	£10.79	£12.68
A7822	Feedscrew - Metric - 2mm Pitch - Long cross Slide	£9.66	£11.35
30/136	Feedscrew - Metric - as above but - Fitted feednut - Long cross slide	£13.87	£16.30
A1648	Feednut - Metric - 2mm Pitch	£4.95	£ 5.81
70/1984A	Hard washer	£0.12	£ 0.14
11257	Fibre washer	£0.08	£ 0.09
11107	Steel micrometer dial (replaces 70/1303 Mazak dial)	£7.00	£8.23
	or	2.100	
20/252	Re-settable micrometer dial	£10.65	£12.51
A1382/3	Gib strip	£4.00	£ 4.70
70/1337	Ball handle assembly	£10.10	£11.87
A8623	Cross slide adjusting screw - Glb strip	£10.10	£ 0.70
100318	Cross slide locking screw	£0.00	£ 0.70
100010	Note: For long bed ML7 lathes, refer to Super 7 spares list pages 5		£ 0.29

Top Slide Section:

Part Number	Description		Price incl VA
11292	Top slide assembly complete - Imperial	£131.78	£154.84
13726	Top slide assembly complete - Metric	£131.78	£154.84
70/1403	Top slide	£20.42	£ 23.99
70/1401	End plate	£5.30	£ 6.22
70/1408	Feedscrew - Imperial - 10 T.P.I.	£6.70	£ 7.87
30/137	Feedscrew - Imperial - as above but - Fitted feednut	£11.06	£ 12.30
70/1302	Feednut - Imperial - 10 T.P.I.	£4.95	£ 5.81
A4731	Feedscrew - Metric - 2mm Pitch	£6.70	£ 7.87
30/138	Feedscrew - Metric - 2mm Pitch - as above but - Fitted feednut	£11.06	£ 12.30
A1648	Feednut - Metric - 2mm Pitch	£4.95	£ 5.81
70/1984A	Hard washer	£0.12	£ 0.14
11257	Fibre washer	£0.08	£ 0.09
11107	Steel micrometer dial (replaces 70/1303 Mazak dial)	£7.00	£ 8.23
	or		
20/252	Re-settable micrometer dial	£10.65	£ 12.51
11293	Ball handle assembly	£8.12	£ 9.54
11269	Adjusting screw - Gib strip	£0.25	£ 0.29
100027	Hexagon locknut (2BA)	£0.06	£ 0.07
70/1406	Tool clamp stud	£5.42	£ 6.37
A2806	Spring	£0.27	£ 0.32
70/1409/1	Tool clamp	£4.61	£ 5.42
70/1413	Adjusting screw assembly	£4.03	£ 4.74
70/1410	Spherical washer	£1.25	£ 1.47
70/1412	Tool clamp locking nut	£0.62	£ 0.73
A1845	Tee nut, complete with A7742 hex headed bolt and washer (Two required per machine)	£2.96	£ 3.48
	Note: For long bed ML7 lathes, refer to Super 7 spares list page	es 7 and 8.	

Tailstock Section:

13356	Tailstock assembly complete	£216.75	£254.68
A2798	Barrel	£29.61	£ 34.79
70/1506	Barrel key	£2.06	€ 2.42
70/1520/1	Handwheel assembly	£36.23	£ 42.57
70/1509	Thrust plate	£7.89	£ 9.27
70/1248	Hard centre - 2 M.T.	£5.35	£ 6.28
A2137	Thrust screw - Gib strip	£5.31	£ 6.24
A2146	Set over screw	£0.59	£ 0.69
65390	Oil nipple (replaces 65000)	£0.35	£ 0.41

Plates:

A2639	Screw cutting chart	£2.05	£ 2.41
	Transfer for headstock belt guard	£0.42	£ 0.50

Sundries:

Part Number	Description		Price incl VAT	
33/038	Paint - Grey - 250ml tin (Air drying enamel)	£4.20	£ 4.94	
80163	Castrol Moly grease - 400grm, tub - ideal for changewheels, feedscrew and			
	leadscrews.	£3.02	£ 3.55	
80024	Lubricating oil - H32 Nuto - 1 Ltr. For headstock spindle, tailstock barrel and oilite			
	bushes.	£3.80	£ 4.47	
80025	Lubricating oil - Febis K68 - 1 Ltr. For bed, slideways and gearbox.	£3.80	£ 4.47	
	Installation and maintenance manuals (Nil V.A.T. on manuals)		-	
82005	ML7	£4.45		
82006	Quick change gearbox	£1.70		

Extra Equipment:

Part Number	Description		Price incl VA
1480	Quick change gearbox	£531.50	£624.51
1440A	Lever operated tailstock attachment £78.50		£ 92.24
30/021A	Chuck guard for machines before lathe Serial No. K.91000	£60.40	£ 70.97
30/021	Chuck guard for machines after lathe Serial No. K.91000	£37.32	£ 48.85
	1974, comprising: primary drive guard backplate, guard for rear e spindle and guard for swing head, including No. 30/021 chuck gu state serial number of machine) for machines after lathe Serial No.	ard (please	£ 99.45
A1781	18T Tufnol pinion for tumbler reverse	£5.75	£ 6.75
A1782	20T Tufnol pinion for tumbler reverse	£5.95	£ 6.99
A1974/1	Fine feed tumbler cluster gear	£12.50	£ 14.68
11574	Lathe cover	£14.60	£ 17.15
11575	Lathe cover for long bed lathe	£16.00	£ 18.80

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